### Press conference of the CNB Bank Board

# 1st Situation Report on Economic and Monetary Developments

1 February 2018



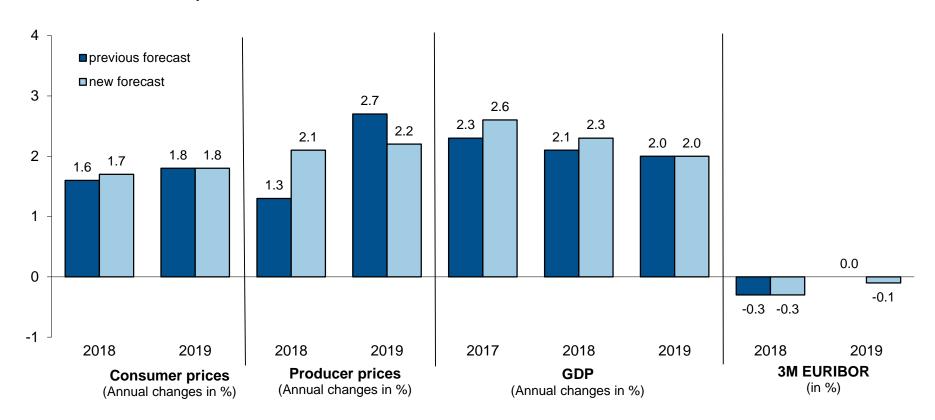
#### The monetary policy decision

- At its meeting today, the CNB Bank Board unanimously increased the two-week repo rate by 25 basis points to 0.75%.
- At the same time, it increased the Lombard rate by 50 basis points to 1.50% and kept the discount rate unchanged at 0.05%.
- The decision adopted by the Bank Board is underpinned by the CNB's new macroeconomic forecast. Consistent with the forecast is a rise in domestic market interest rates this year and especially next year.



#### The external environment (i)

### Comparison between the assumptions of the new and previous forecasts for the effective euro area\*

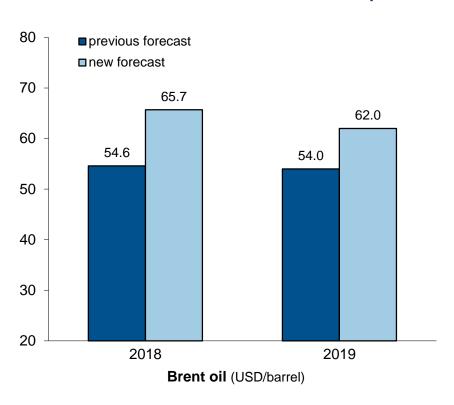


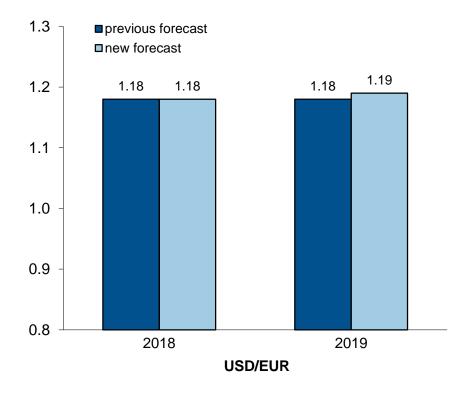


<sup>\*</sup> Effective euro area means that the weights used in the calculations correspond to the share of individual euro area countries in total Czech exports into the euro area

#### The external environment (ii)

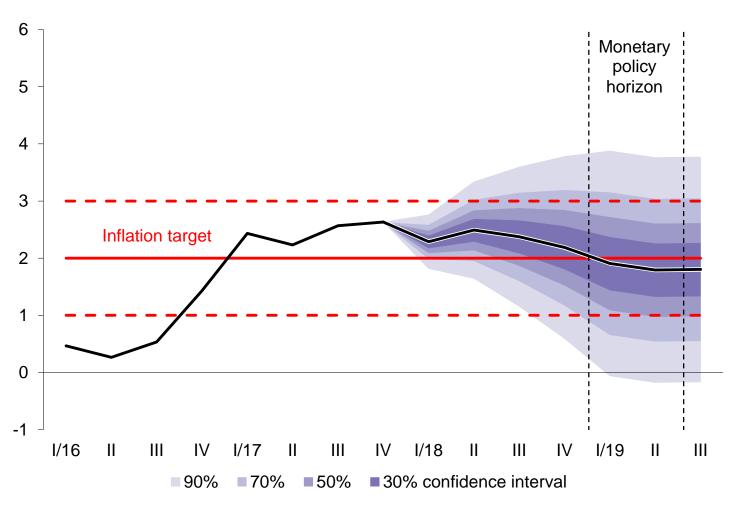
### Comparison between the assumptions of the new and previous forecasts





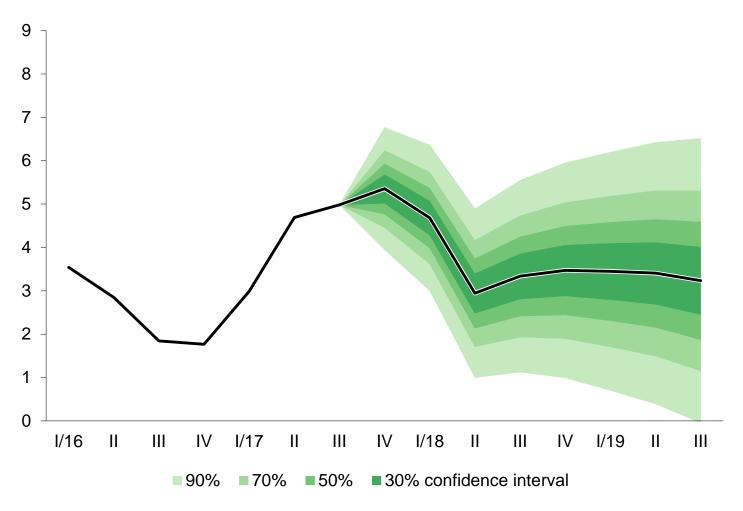


#### The forecast for headline inflation





#### The forecast for GDP



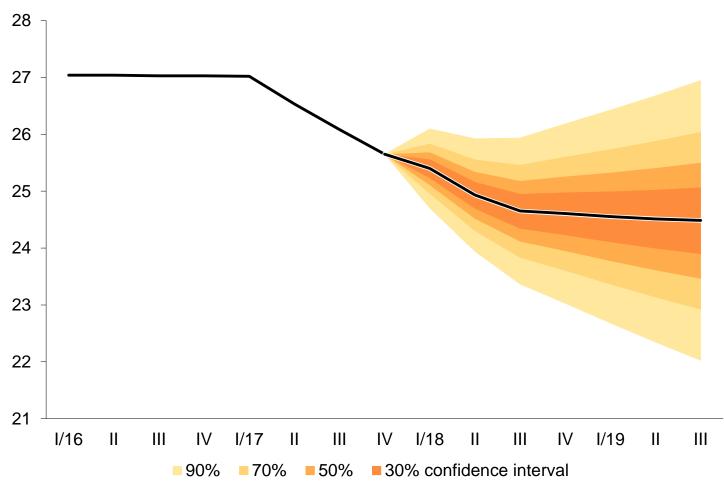


### Return to the publication of a numerical exchange rate forecast

- The exchange rate forecast does not constitute any commitment by the CNB, nor can it be interpreted as the preferred or desired exchange rate level.
- Like the forecasts for all other variables, the exchange rate forecast is conditional on the assumptions of the forecast, including the outlooks for developments abroad.
- Unexpected shocks may cause the actual exchange rate to deviate in either direction from the forecast, sometimes significantly.
- Although the exchange rate forecast may not materialise, it gives market entities a guide to the future monetary policy stance.
  A deviation of the actual exchange rate from the forecasted path points to a need to change the outlook for the interest rate component of the monetary conditions.

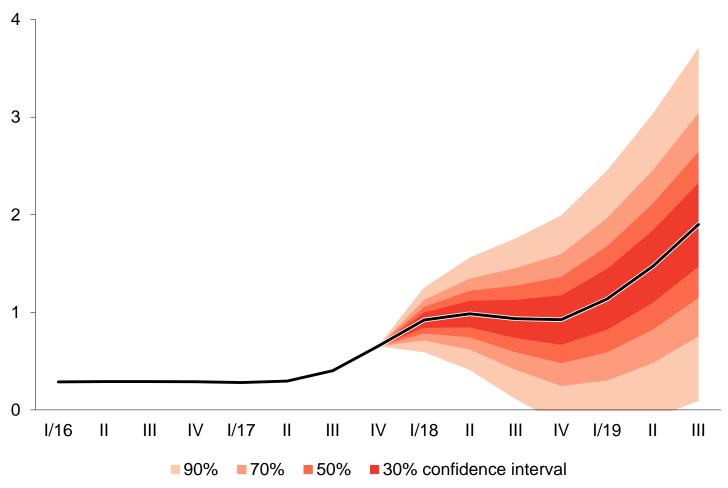
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## The forecast for the exchange rate (CZK/EUR)



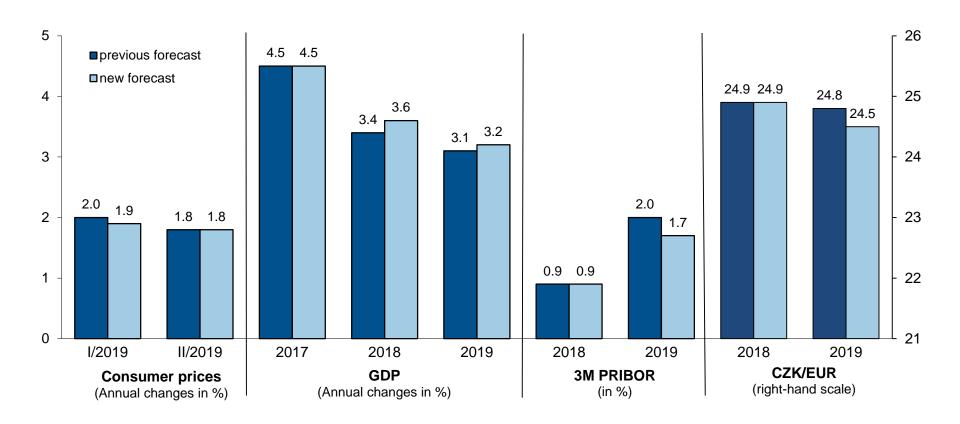


## The forecast for interest rates (3M PRIBOR)





## Comparison with the previous forecast





#### Risks to the forecast

The Bank Board assessed the risks to the forecast at the monetary policy horizon as being **balanced**.

#### **Bidirectional uncertainties:**

- strength of domestic inflation pressures
- exchange rate developments



### Thank you for your attention

More information about the forecast can be found at

http://www.cnb.cz/en/monetary policy/forecast/

and in Inflation Report I/2018. The summary of the Report (together with boxes and the table of key macroeconomic indicators) will be published on 2 February 2018.

The whole Report will be published on 9 February 2018.

