

# CNB's New Forecast

## Inflation Report II/2008

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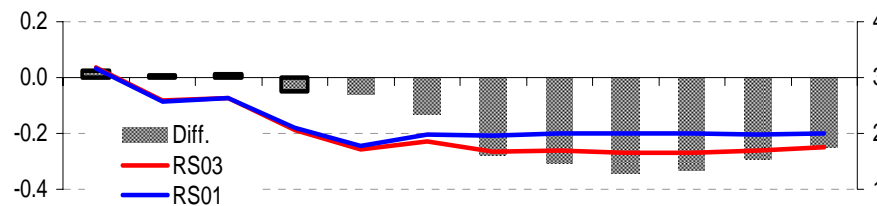
Meeting with analysts, Prague, 16 May 2008

# Outline

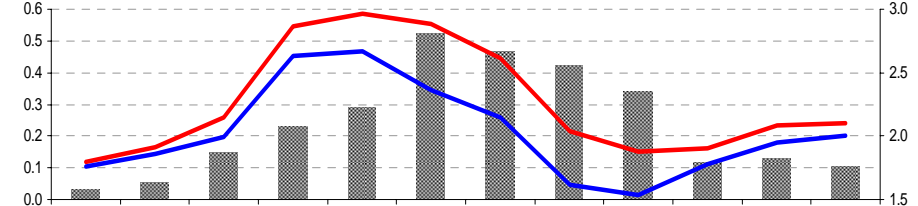
- External assumptions;
- Recent trends in inflation and the economy;
- Fiscal policy;
- Regulated prices and tax changes;
- Exchange rate and imported inflation;
- Forecast of GDP, inflation and interest rates;
- Alternative forecast scenario (g3 model).

# External Assumptions (CF04)

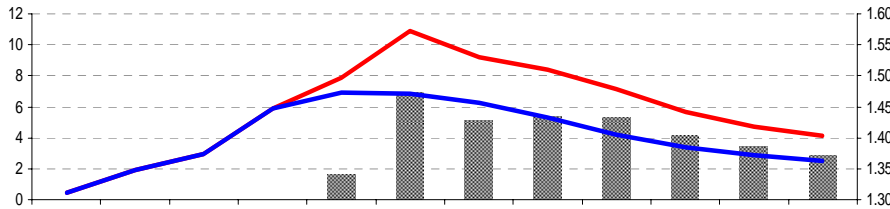
(difference in p.p.) **Eurozone Effective GDP** (y/y %)



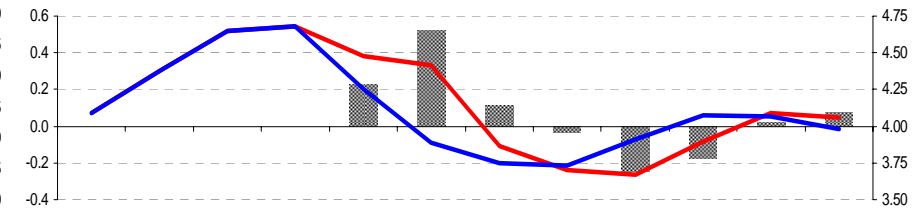
(difference in p.p.) **Eurozone Effective CPI** (y/y v %)



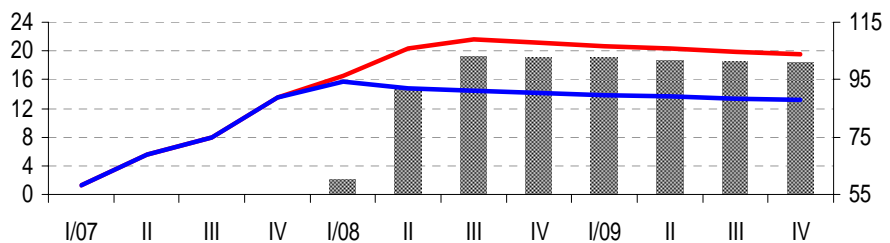
(difference in p.p.) **USD/EUR** (USD/EUR)



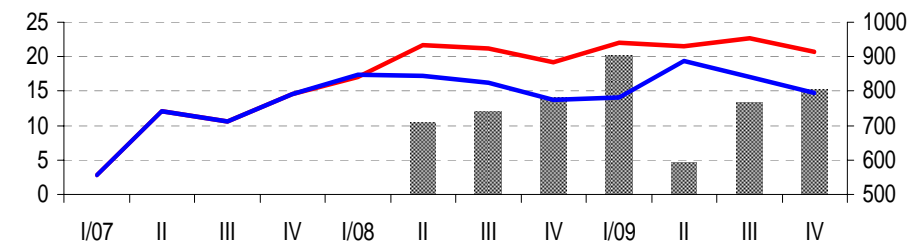
(difference in p.p.) **1R Euribor** (% p.a.)



(difference in p.p.) **Oil Brent** (USD/barrel)

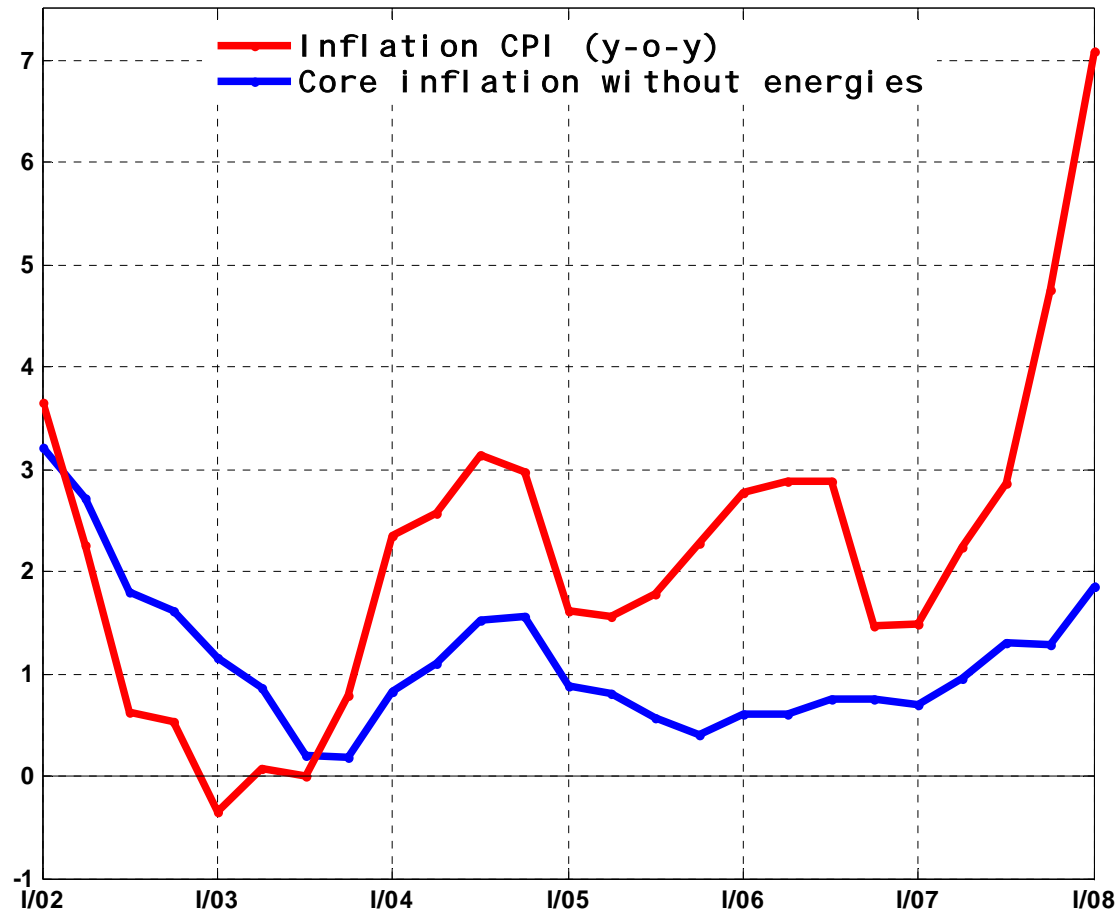


(difference in p.p.) **Petrol Prices** (USD/1000kg)



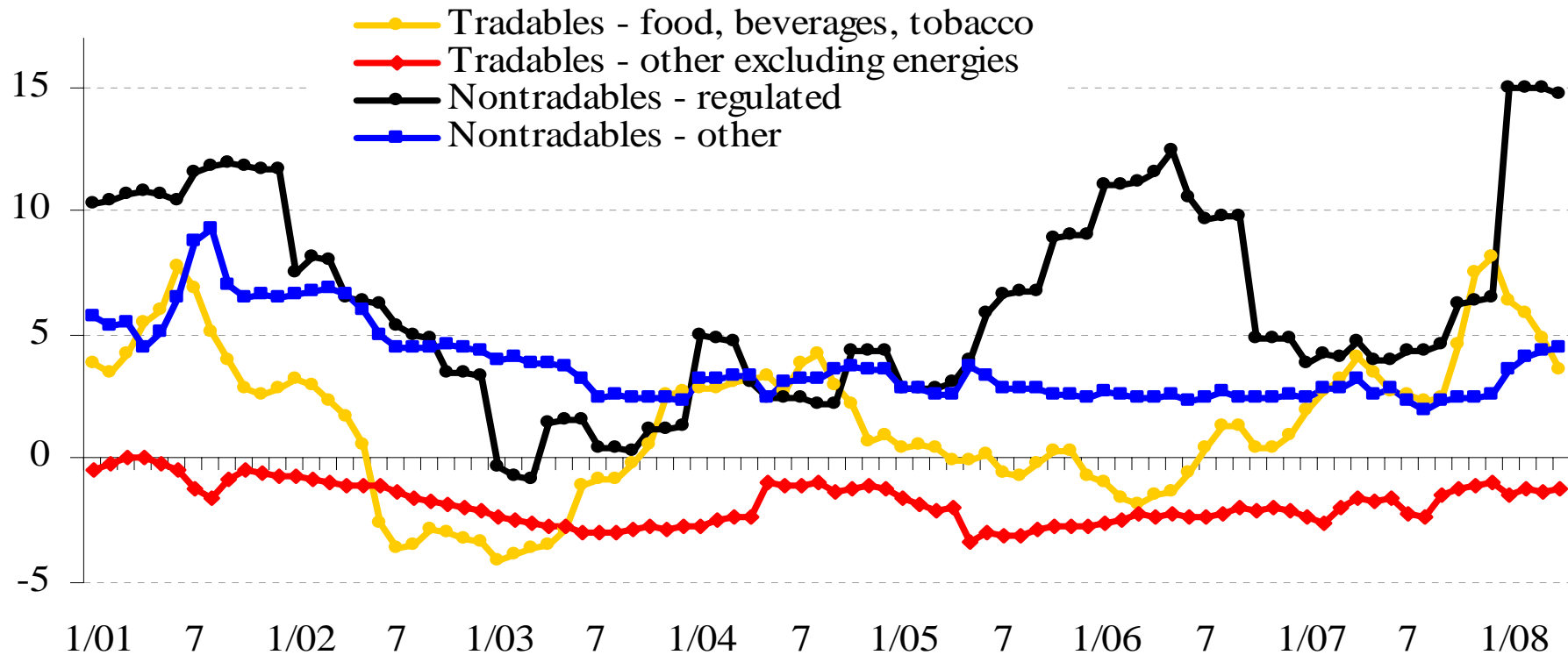
- Reduced growth optimism vs. higher inflation and energy prices; changing interest rate outlook.

# Inflation



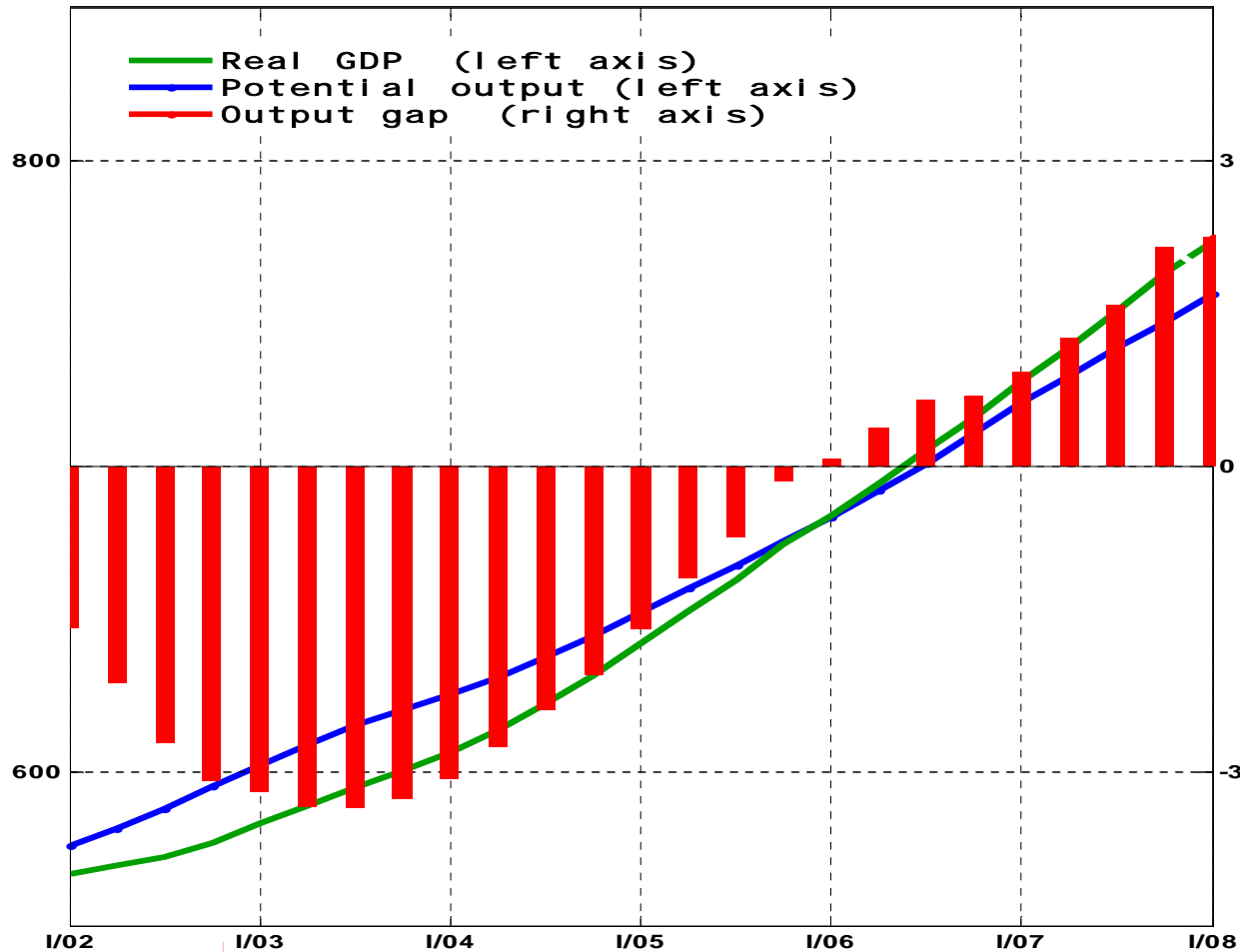
- Inflation in Q1/08 above previous forecast;
- Regulated prices and core inflation higher than expected;
- April 2008: headline inflation (6.8 %) and MP inflation (4.7 %) slightly above new forecast.

# Structure of Inflation (excluding taxes)



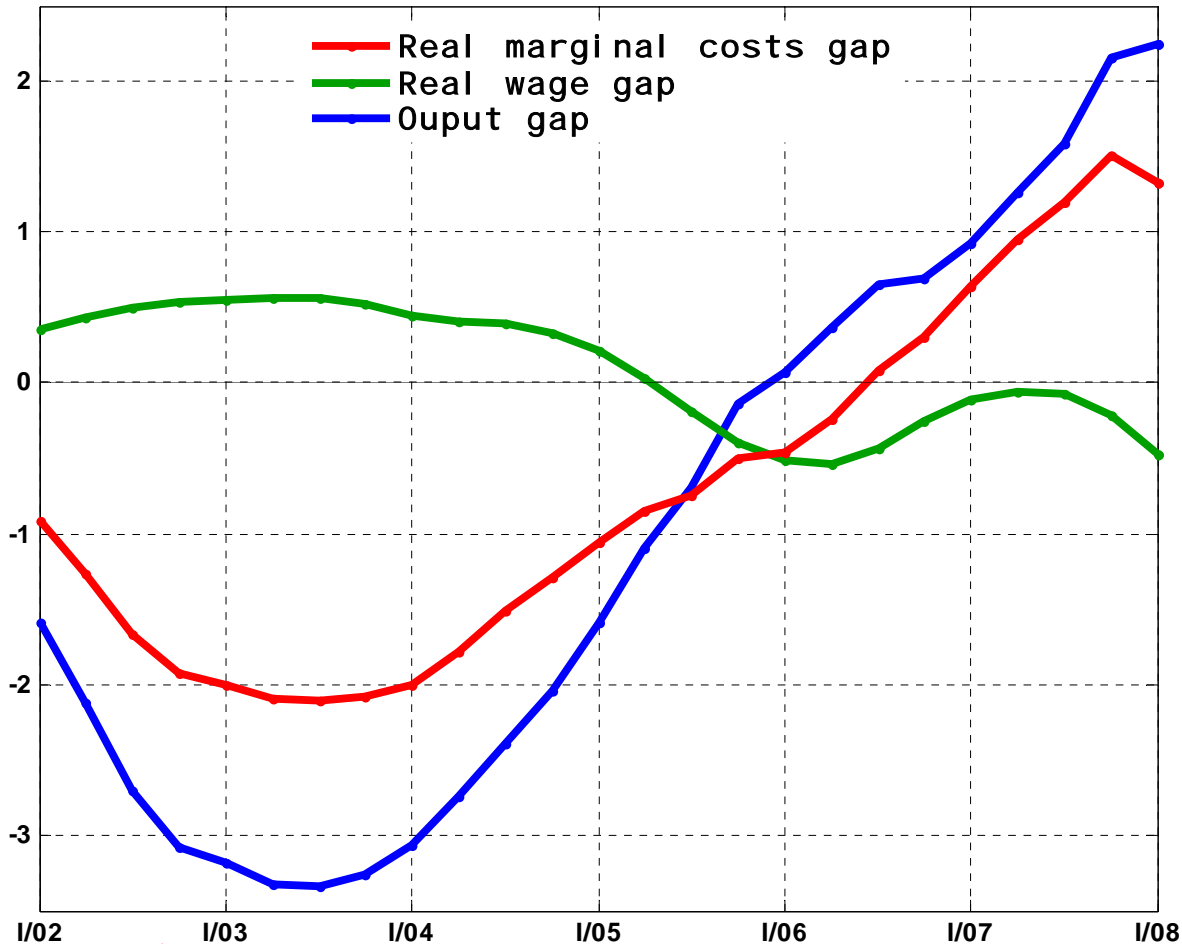
- Food, beverages and tobacco price growth excluding taxes has slowed down;
- Acceleration in prices of NT goods (restaurants, imputed rents, pressure from domestic economy).

# GDP – Actual and Potential



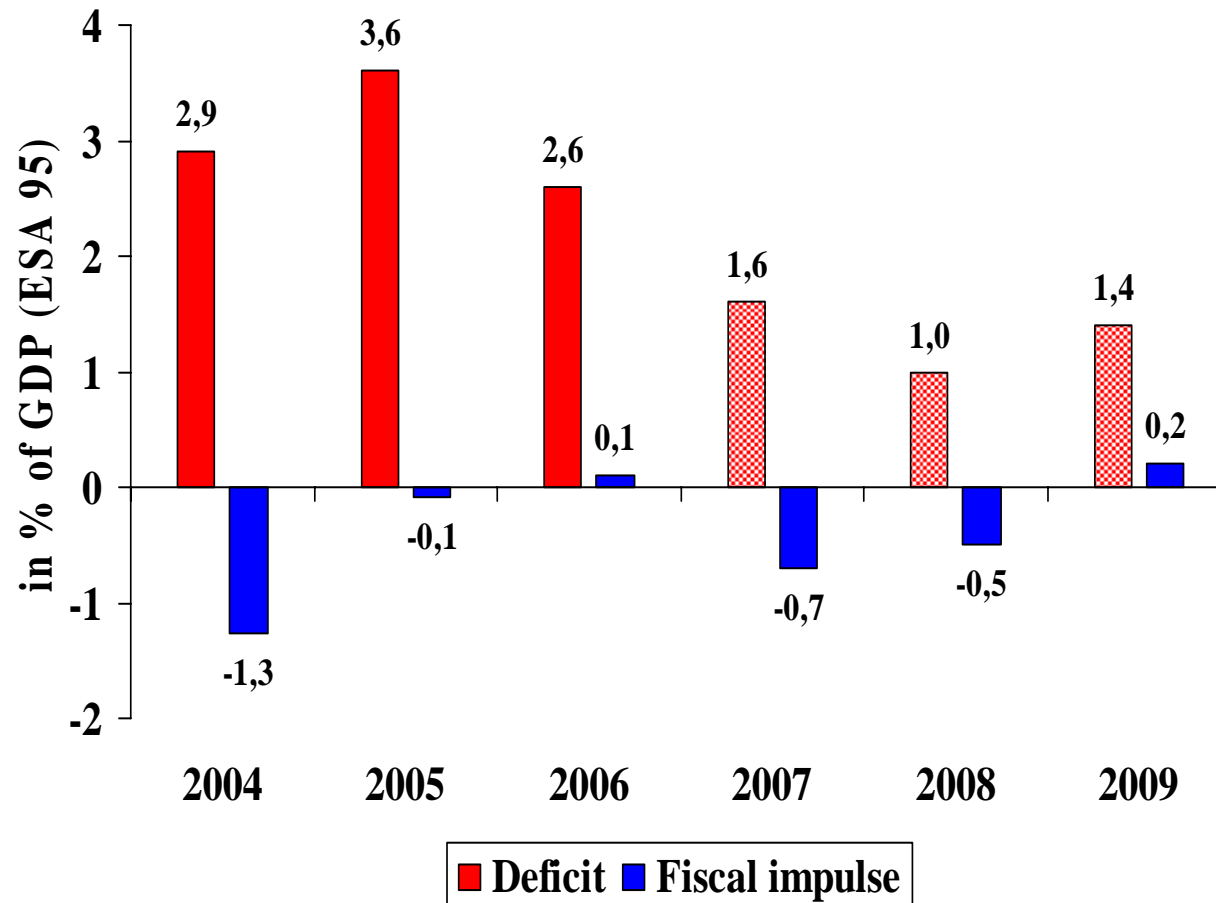
- The output gap estimate (2.2 %) has been revised up;
- Slowdown in household consumption growth;
- Monetary conditions in Q1/08 slightly tight (tight exchange rate component, slightly loose interest rates).

# Pressures from the Real Economy



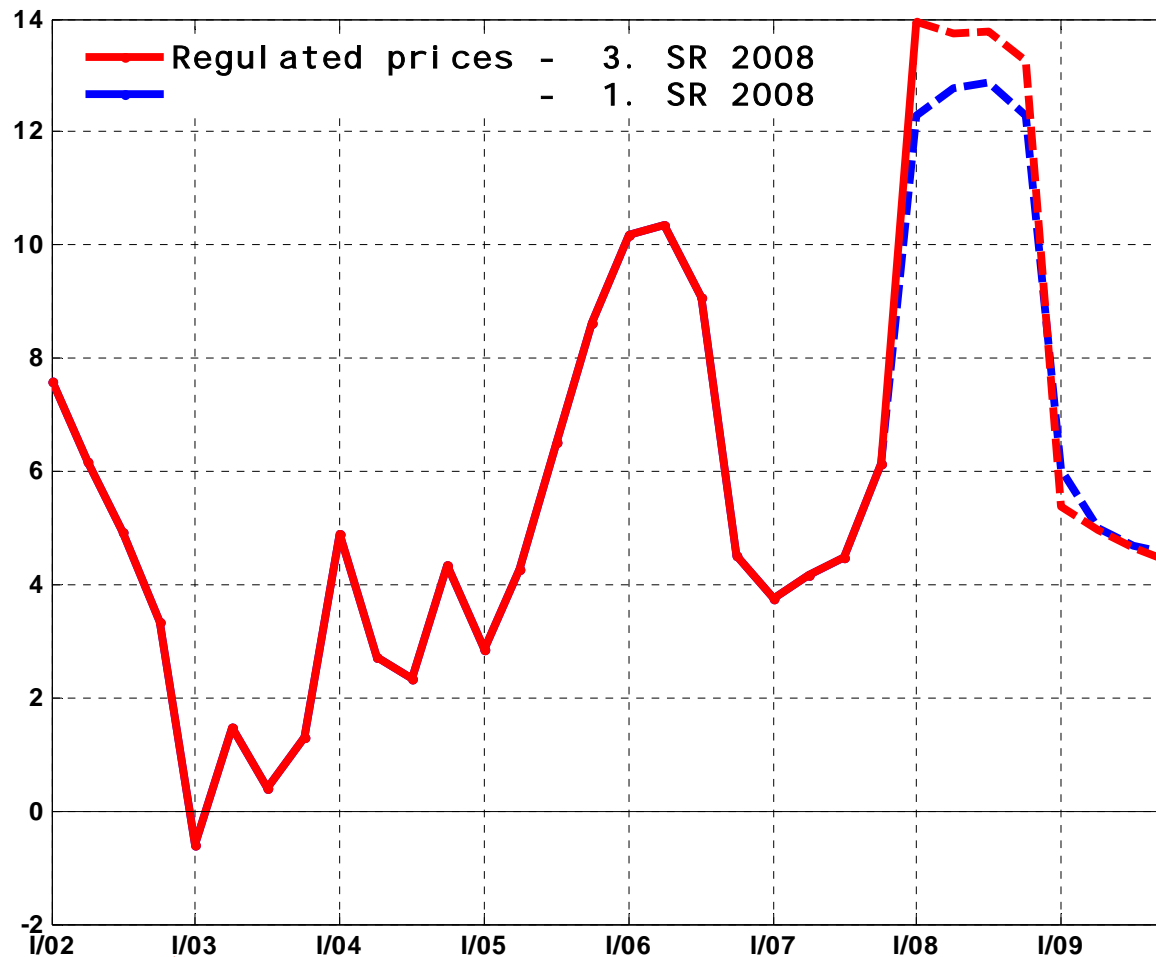
- Real wages anti-inflationary;
- Nominal wage growth in business sector below forecast in Q4/07;
- But a marked speed-up in Q1/08 (partly tax optimisation);
- Overall pressures from the real economy pro-inflationary.

# Fiscal Situation



- Deficit in 2007 lower than expected;
- Forecast of deficit for 2008 and 2009 lowered further;
- Assumed fiscal impulse still restrictive in 2008 and slightly expansionary in 2009.

# Regulated Prices



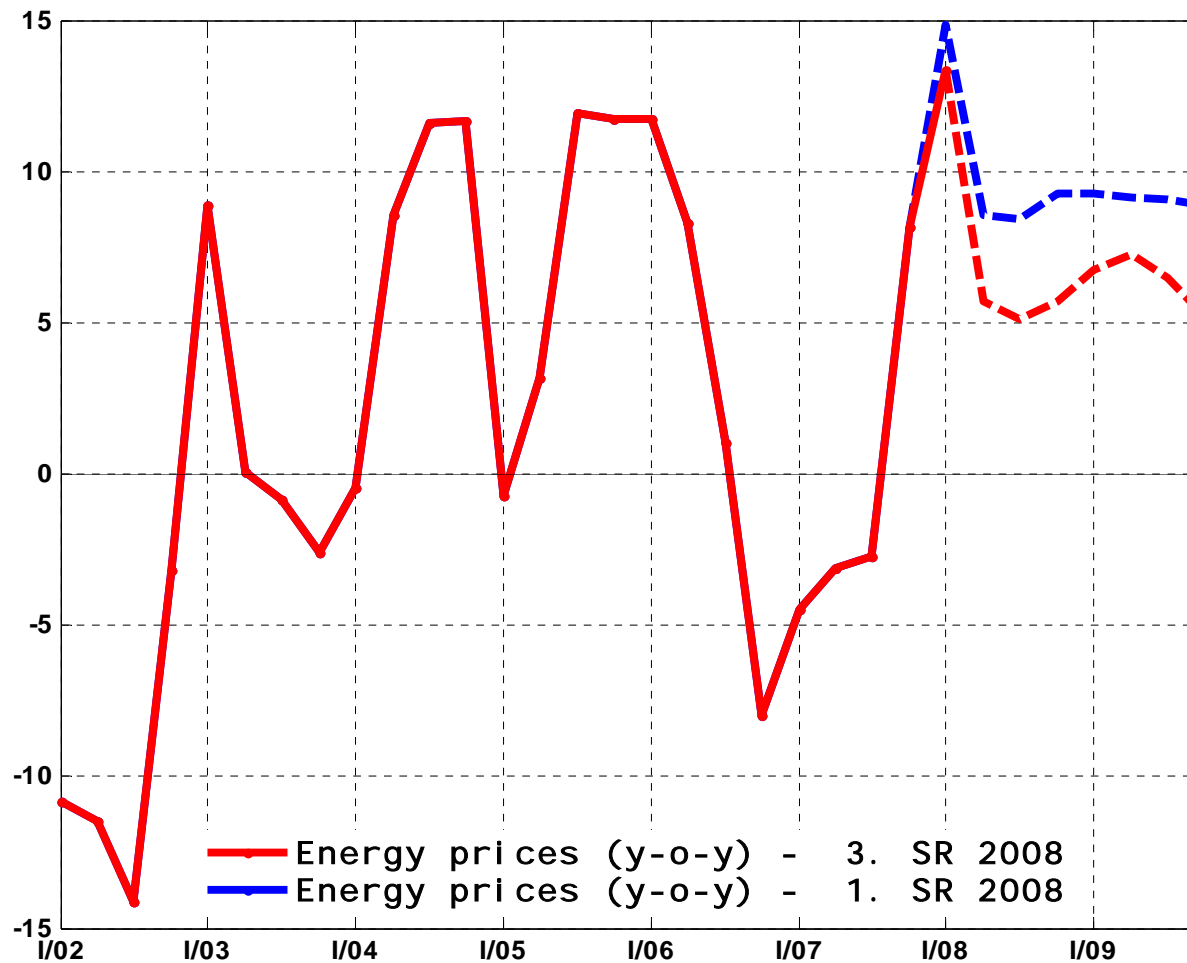
- Forecast for 2008 raised due to higher impact of healthcare fees;
- Together with indirect taxes, the contribution to inflation will reach: 3.8 p.p. end-2008, 0.8 p.p. end-2009.

# Administrative Measures (selected items and total impact)

| Year/date         | Indirect tax changes in nonregulated prices                  |                         | Regulated prices (with tax changes)                   |                 |                         |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------------|
|                   | Item   | Impact on CPI inflation | Item  | Change in price | Impact on CPI Inflation |
| <b>2006-Total</b> |  | <b>0,16 p.p.</b>        |   | <b>4.9%</b>     | <b>1,08 p.p.</b>        |
| <b>2007-Total</b> |  | <b>1,09 p.p.</b>        |   | <b>6.5%</b>     | <b>1,11 p.p.</b>        |
| <b>2008</b>       | Excise duties on tobacco products<br>(delayed impact: 1Q+2Q) | 0,60 p.p.               | Regulated rents                                       | 23.0%           | 0,40 p.p.               |
|                   | VAT 5 % --> 9 %  | 0.80 p.p.               | Electricity   | 9.5%            | 0,37 p.p.               |
|                   | Tax of energy<br>(solid fuels)                               | 0,03 p.p.               | Heating   | 11.0%           | 0,33 p.p.               |
|                   |  |                         | Natural gas   | 15.6%           | 0,35 p.p.               |
|                   |  |                         | Water   | 9.3%            | 0,11 p.p.               |
|                   |  |                         | Health  | 42.0%           | 0,57 p.p.               |
| <b>Total</b>      |  | <b>1,43 p.p.</b>        |   | <b>14.1%</b>    | <b>2,42 p.p.</b>        |
|                   |  |                         | including impact of tax changes: <b>0,39 p.p.</b>     |                 |                         |
|                   |  |                         | (VAT 5% --> 9%, tax of energy - electricity, heating) |                 |                         |
| <b>2009</b>       |  |                         | Regulated rents                                       | 20.0%           | 0,40 p.p.               |
|                   |  |                         | Electricity   | 7.0%            | 0,28 p.p.               |
|                   |  |                         | Heating   | 2.0%            | 0,06 p.p.               |
|                   |  |                         | Health  | 2.0%            | 0,04 p.p.               |
| <b>Total</b>      |  | <b>0,00 p.p.</b>        |   | <b>4.5%</b>     | <b>0,84 p.p.</b>        |
|                   |  |                         | including impact of tax changes: <b>0,00 p.p.</b>     |                 |                         |

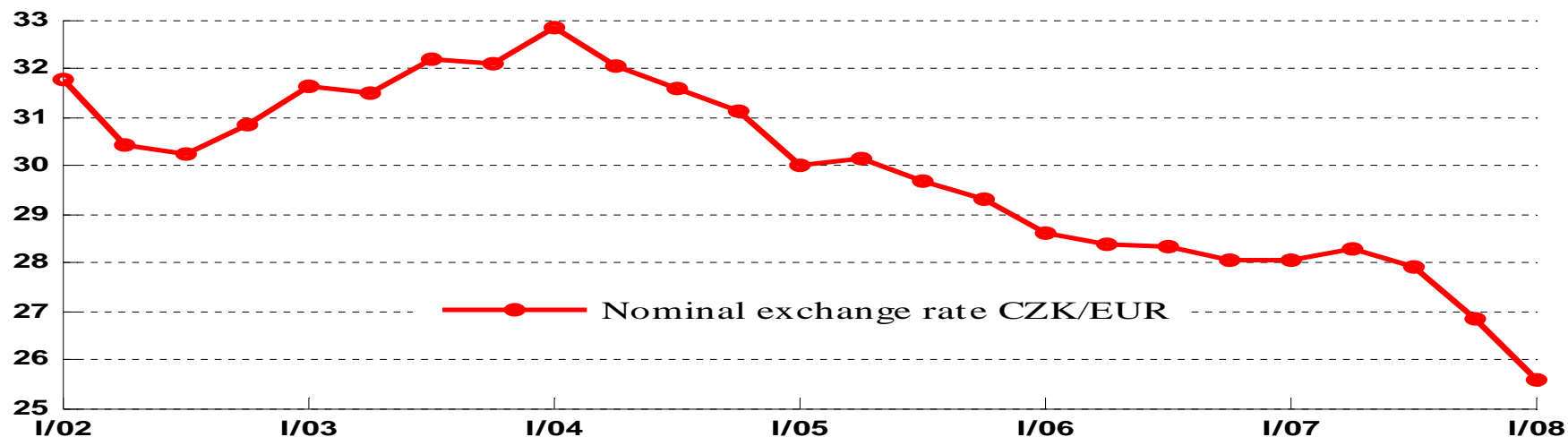
- Actual impact of higher excise duties on tobacco prices will probably be delayed to H2/2008.

# Energy Prices



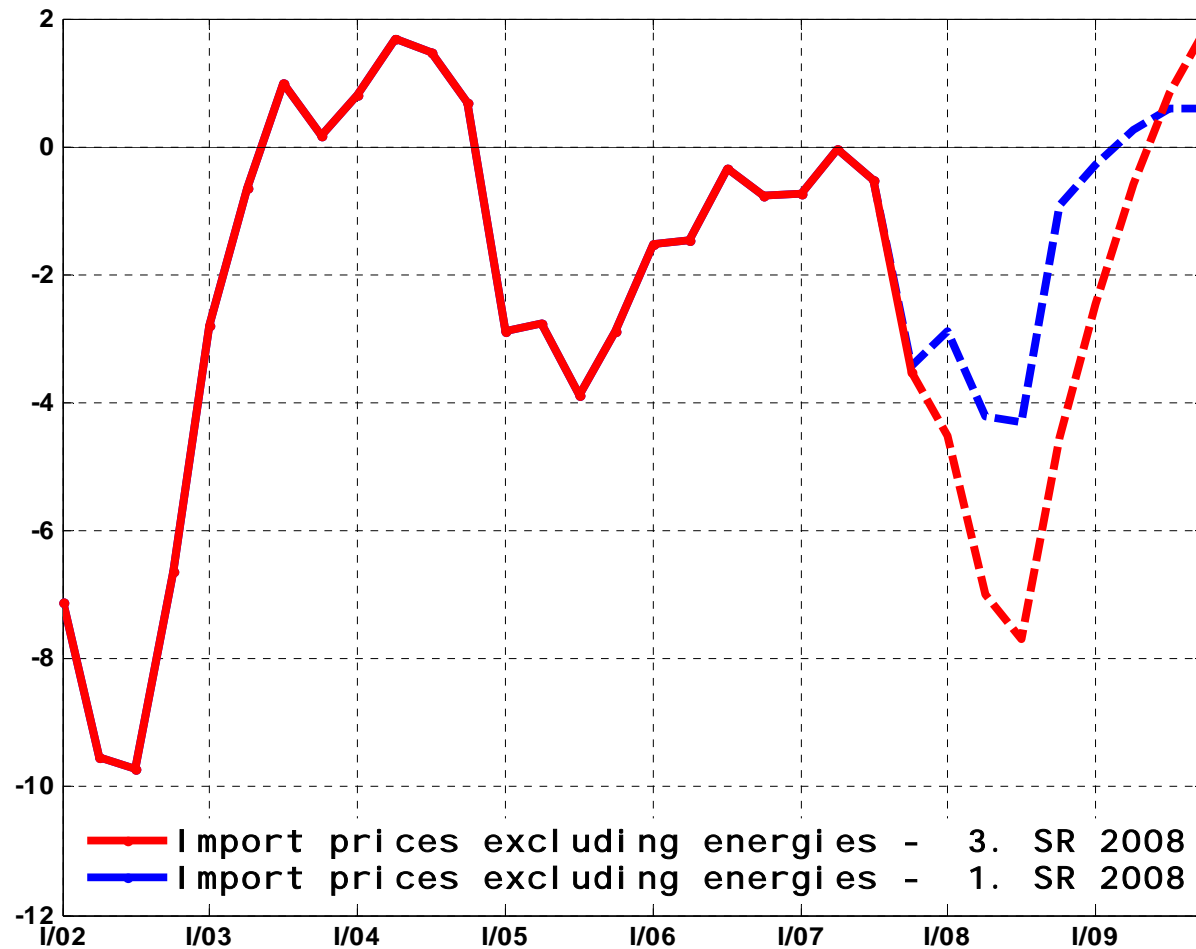
- Forecast slightly lowered despite higher oil prices (only partly offset by weaker USD) due to a model change;
- Overall impact on the forecast negligible.

# Exchange Rate



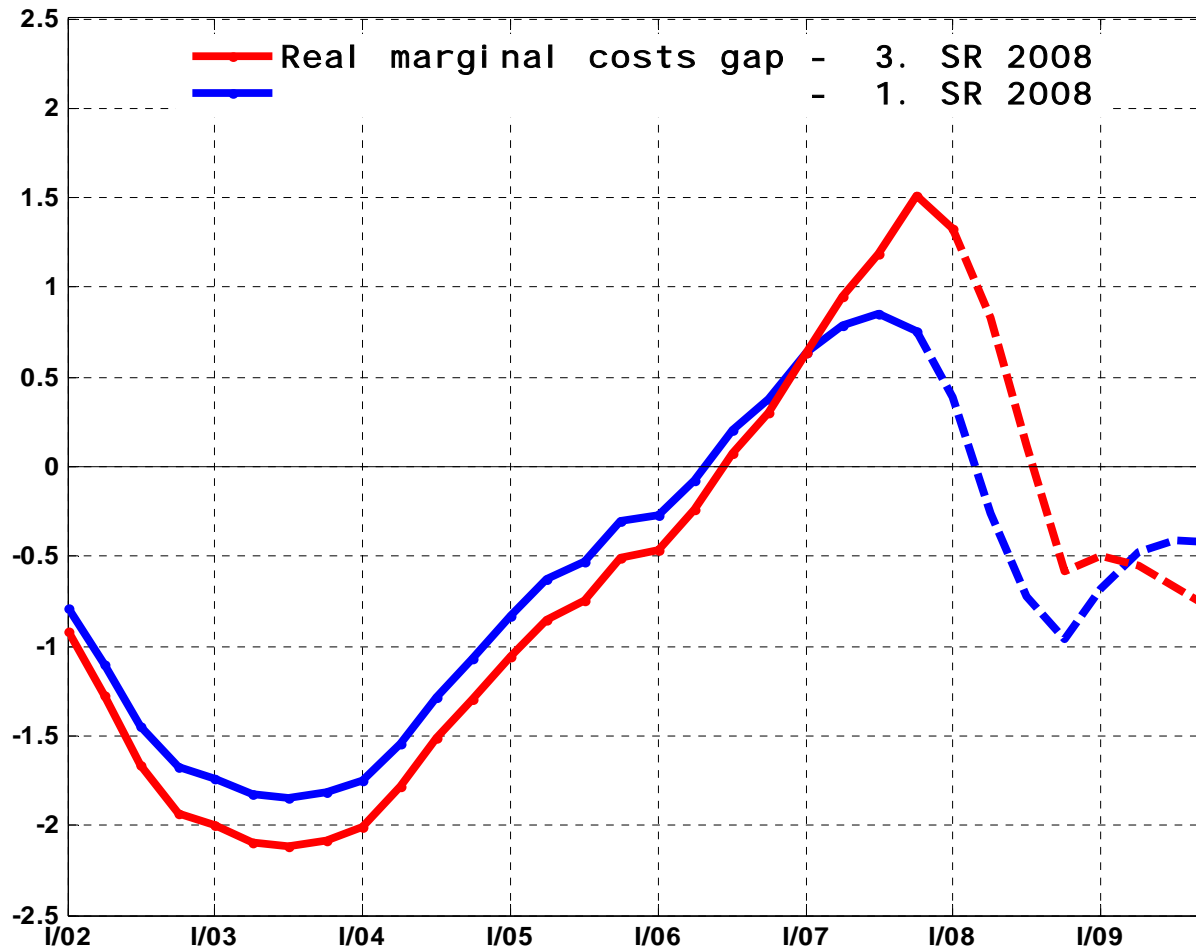
| External forecasts of CZK/EUR |              |              |      |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| Date of forecast              | Next quarter | 1Y horizon   |      |
|                               | CF           | CNB's survey | CF   |
| 4/07                          | 28.0         | 27.2         | 27.7 |
| 7/07                          | 28.5         | 27.4         | 27.9 |
| 10/07                         | 27.6         | 26.9         | 27.6 |
| 1/08                          | 26.2         | 25.8         | 26.2 |
| 4/08                          | 25.4         | 25.2         | 25.5 |

# Import Prices excl. Energy



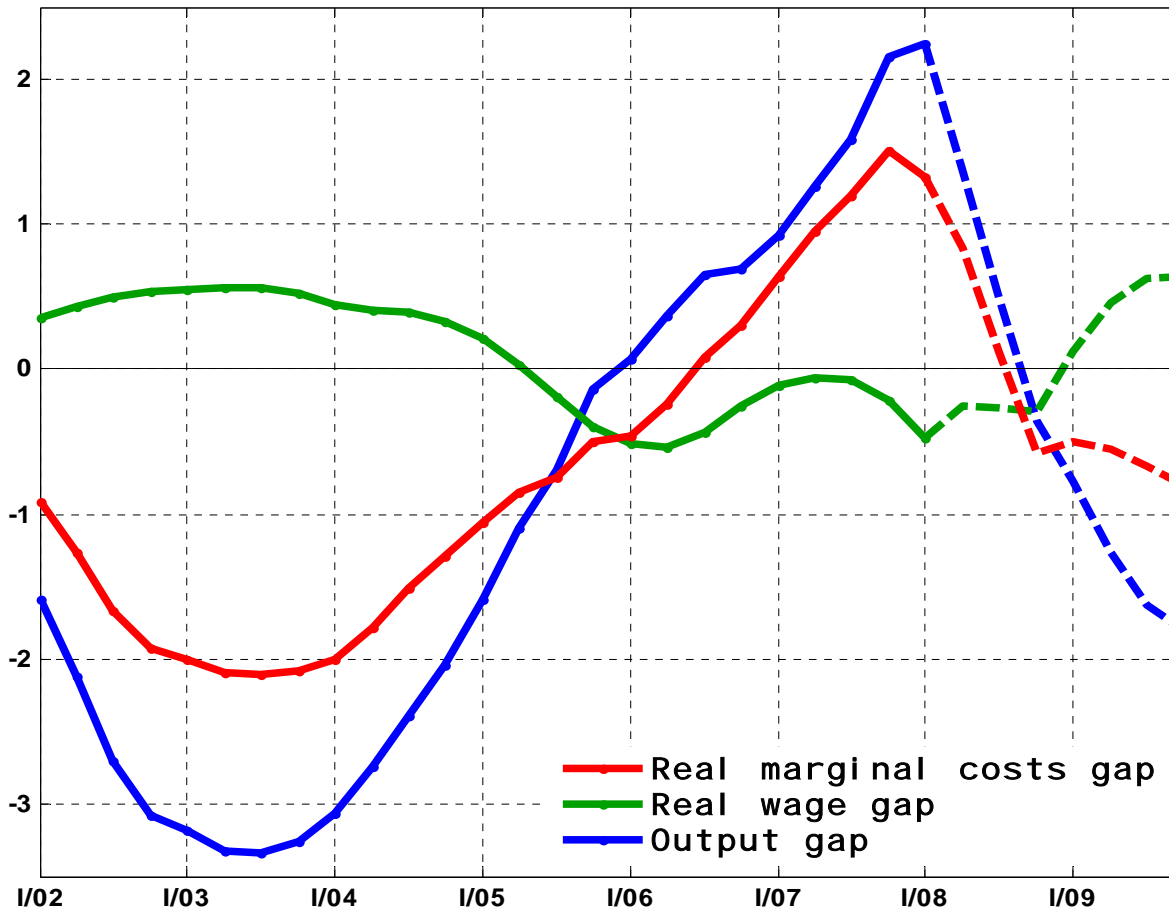
- Much more anti-inflationary due to stronger exchange rate compared to the previous forecast.

# Pressures from the Real Economy



- More inflationary initially, but the pressures will fade away quite fast.

# Pressures from the Real Economy



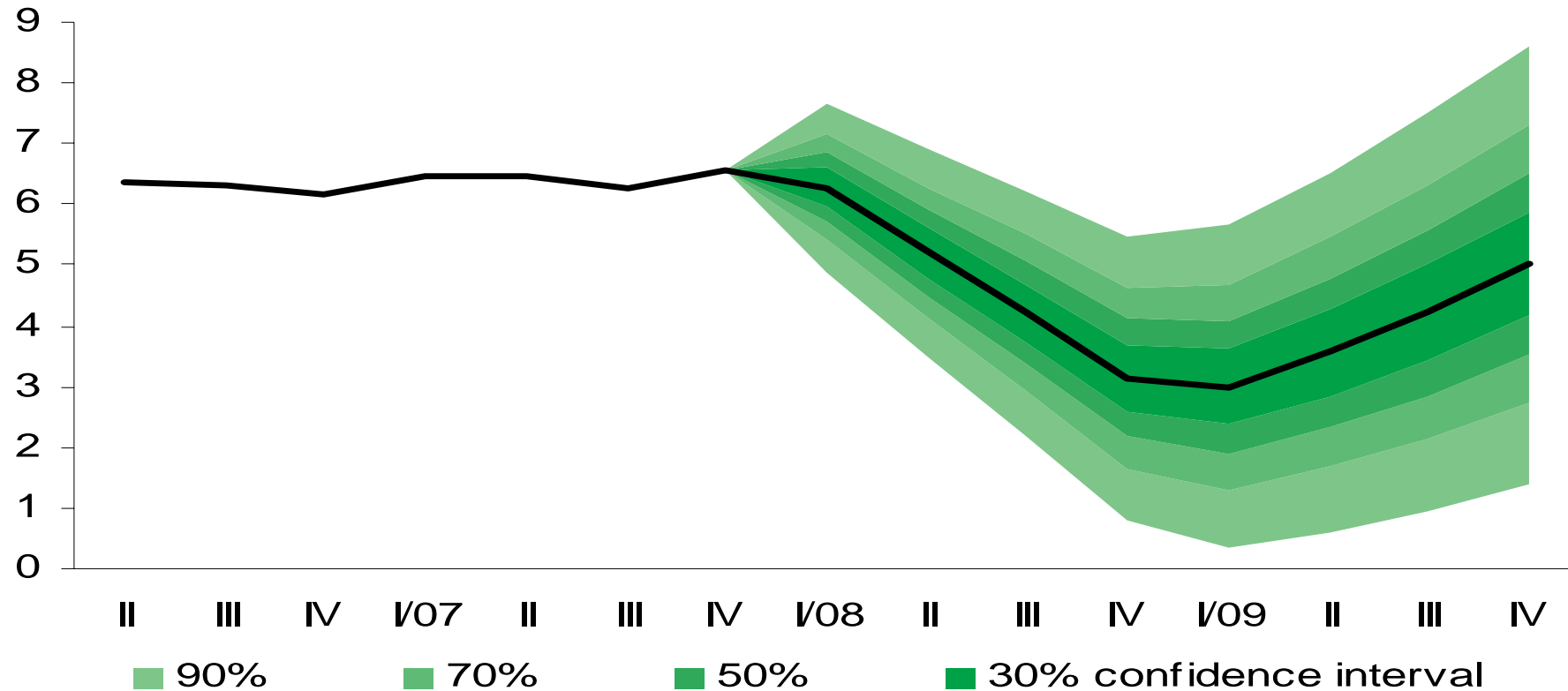
- Output gap will turn negative (restrictive fiscal impulse, exchange rate and weak foreign growth);
- Real wages will turn pro-inflationary in 2009 due to fast nominal wage growth and sharp drop in inflation.

# GDP Growth Forecast

| y/y change                    | 2007        | 2008       | 2009        |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| <b>Gross domestic product</b> | <b>6.5</b>  | <b>4.7</b> | <b>4.0</b>  |
| <b>Household consumption</b>  | <b>5.7</b>  | <b>3.2</b> | <b>4.9</b>  |
| <b>Government consumption</b> | <b>0.9</b>  | <b>0.3</b> | <b>1.8</b>  |
| <b>Fixed investment</b>       | <b>6.1</b>  | <b>7.9</b> | <b>7.2</b>  |
| <b>Exports</b>                | <b>14.5</b> | <b>9.5</b> | <b>11.4</b> |
| <b>Imports</b>                | <b>13.7</b> | <b>9.6</b> | <b>12.6</b> |

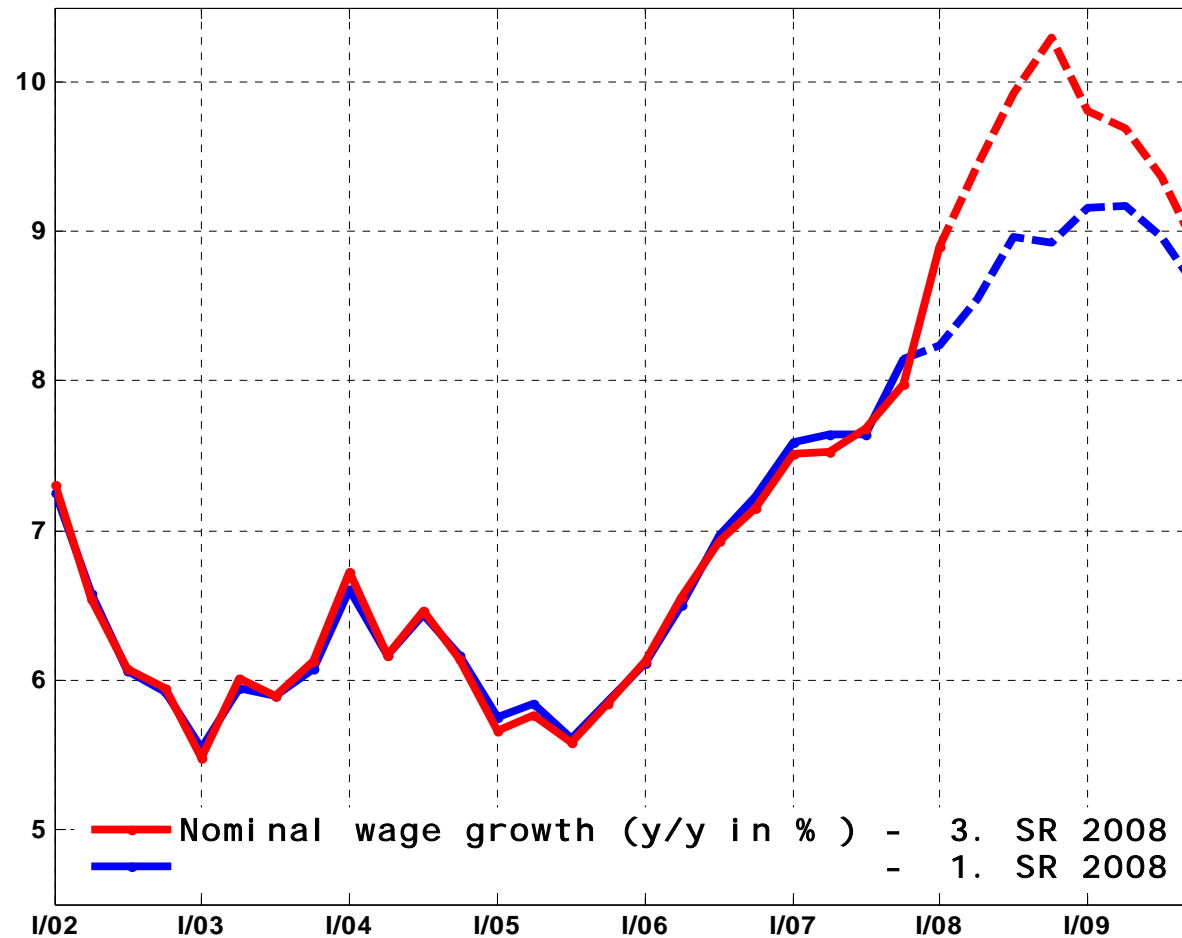
- GDP growth forecast revised up by 0.6 p.p for 2008, but lowered for 2009 by the same amount;
- Slightly higher forecast of consumption growth due to higher wages and increase in pensions;
- Investments and net exports lowered for 2009.

# GDP Growth Forecast



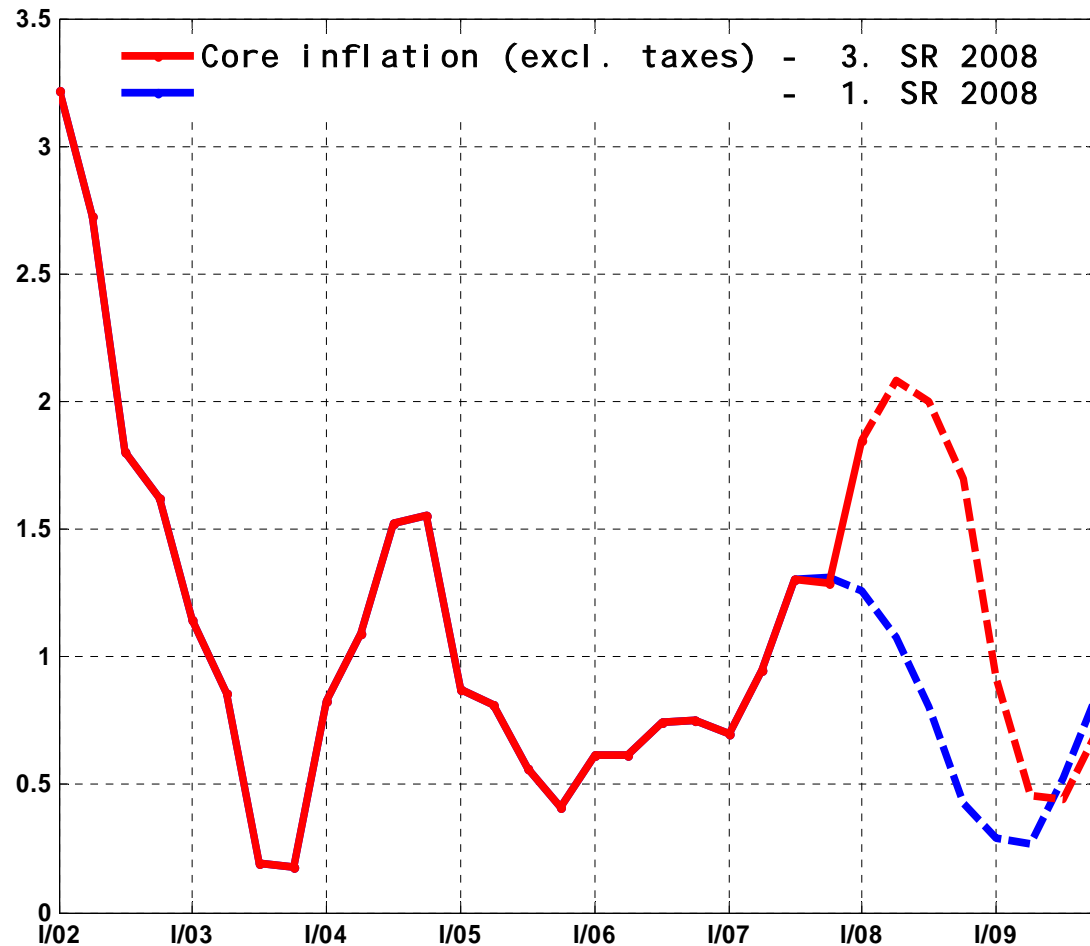
- Pronounced slowdown in growth in 2008, but a turn-around during 2009;
- Uncertainty about speed / strength of exchange rate impact.

# Nominal Wage Growth



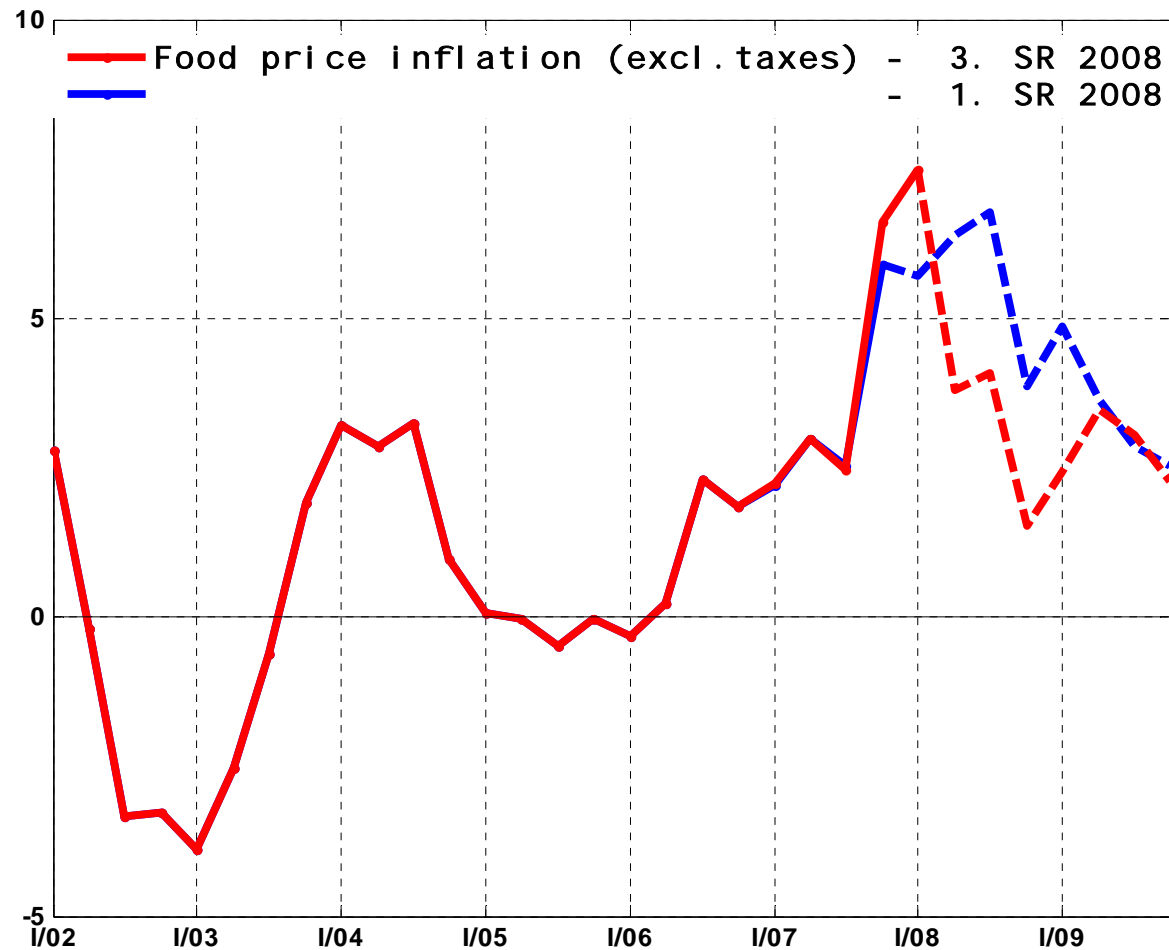
- Figure adjusted for the effect of tax optimisation;
- Growth rate of average nominal wage in business sector: 10.4 % in 2008, 9.0 % in 2009;
- Revised up for both years;
- NULC growth: 4.1 % in 2008, 3.3 % in 2009.

# Core Inflation



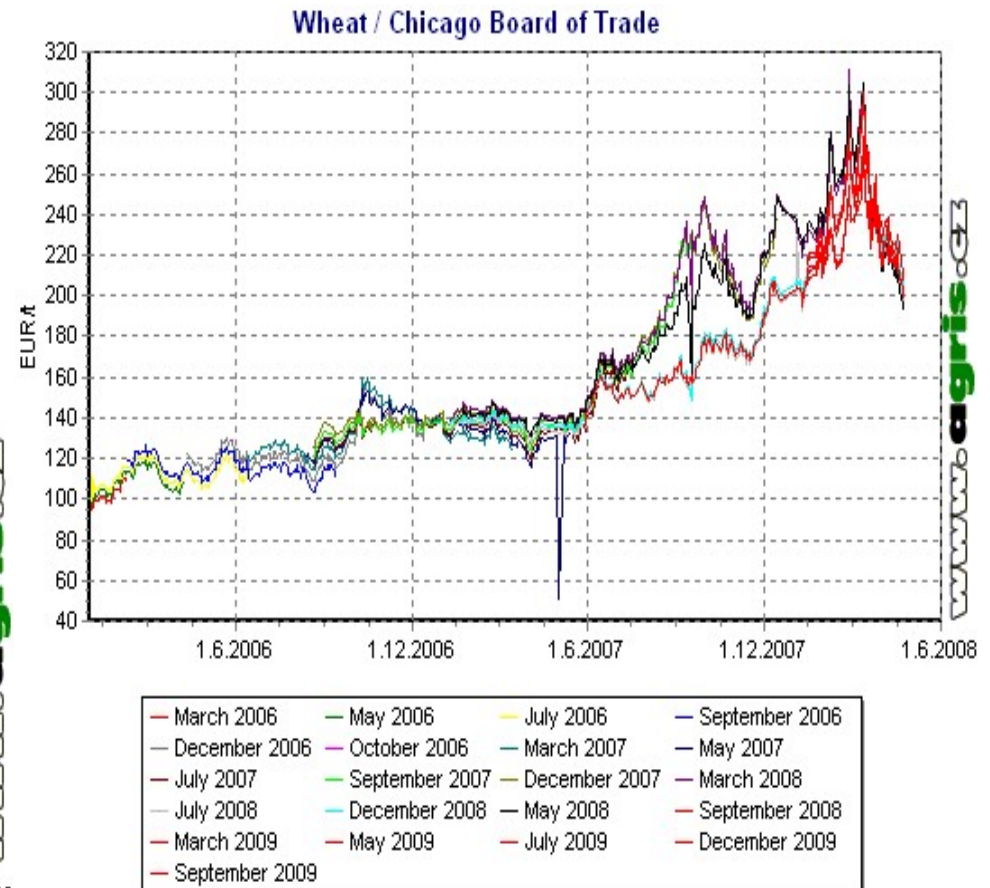
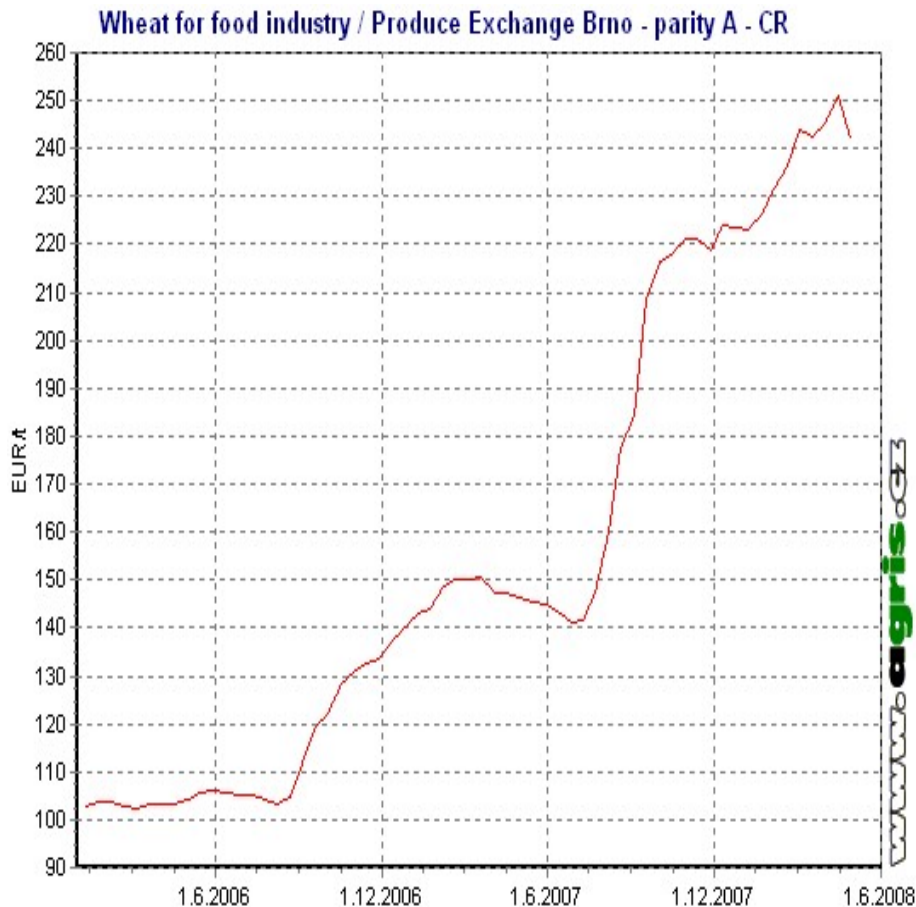
- Forecast initially much higher due to Q1/08 outcomes and stronger pressures from real economy;
- Later on, the domestic pressures will vanish and the anti-inflationary exchange rate impact will dominate.

# Food Prices (excluding taxes)



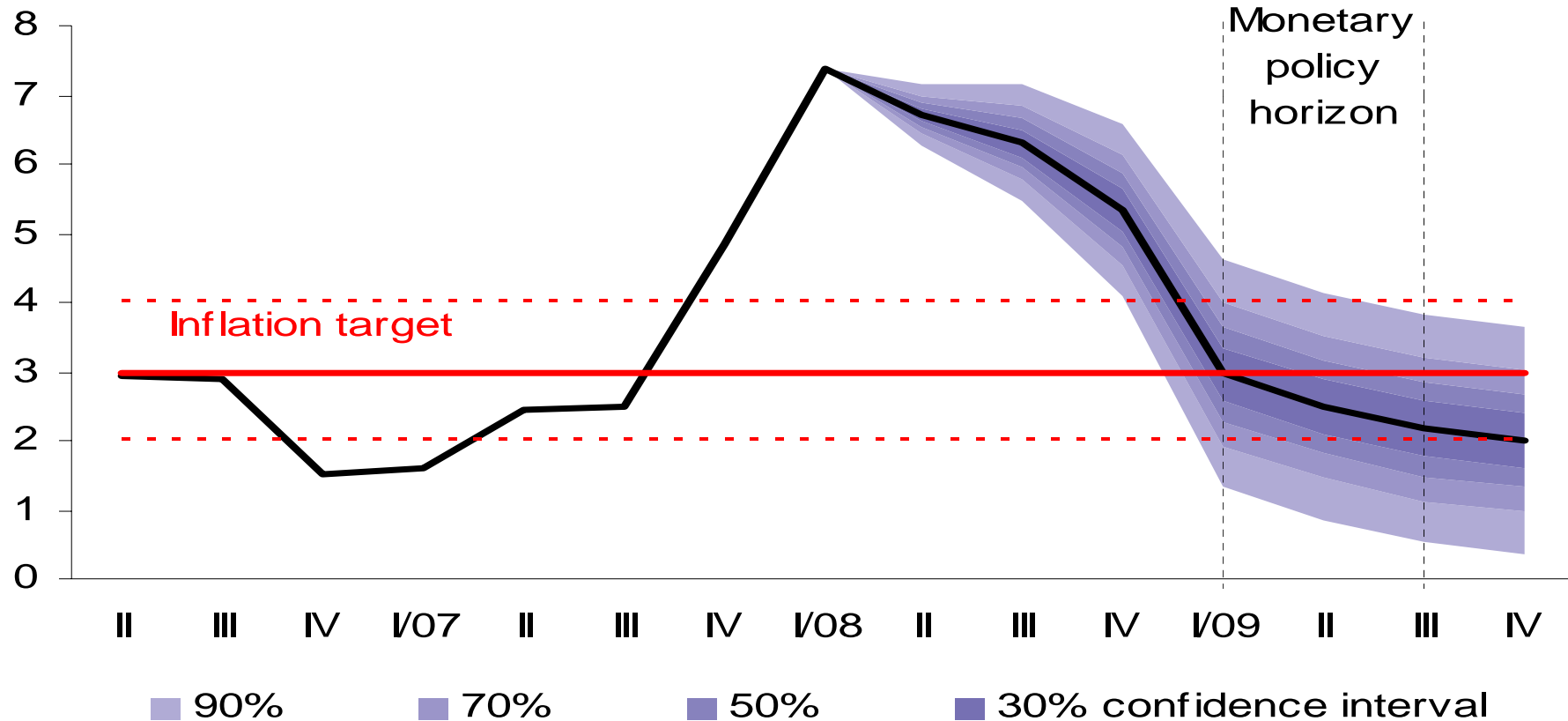
- Forecast lowered due to delayed impact of higher tobacco taxes and stronger exchange rate;
- Uncertainty high, but recent information not suggesting further price level increases.

# Agricultural Commodity Prices



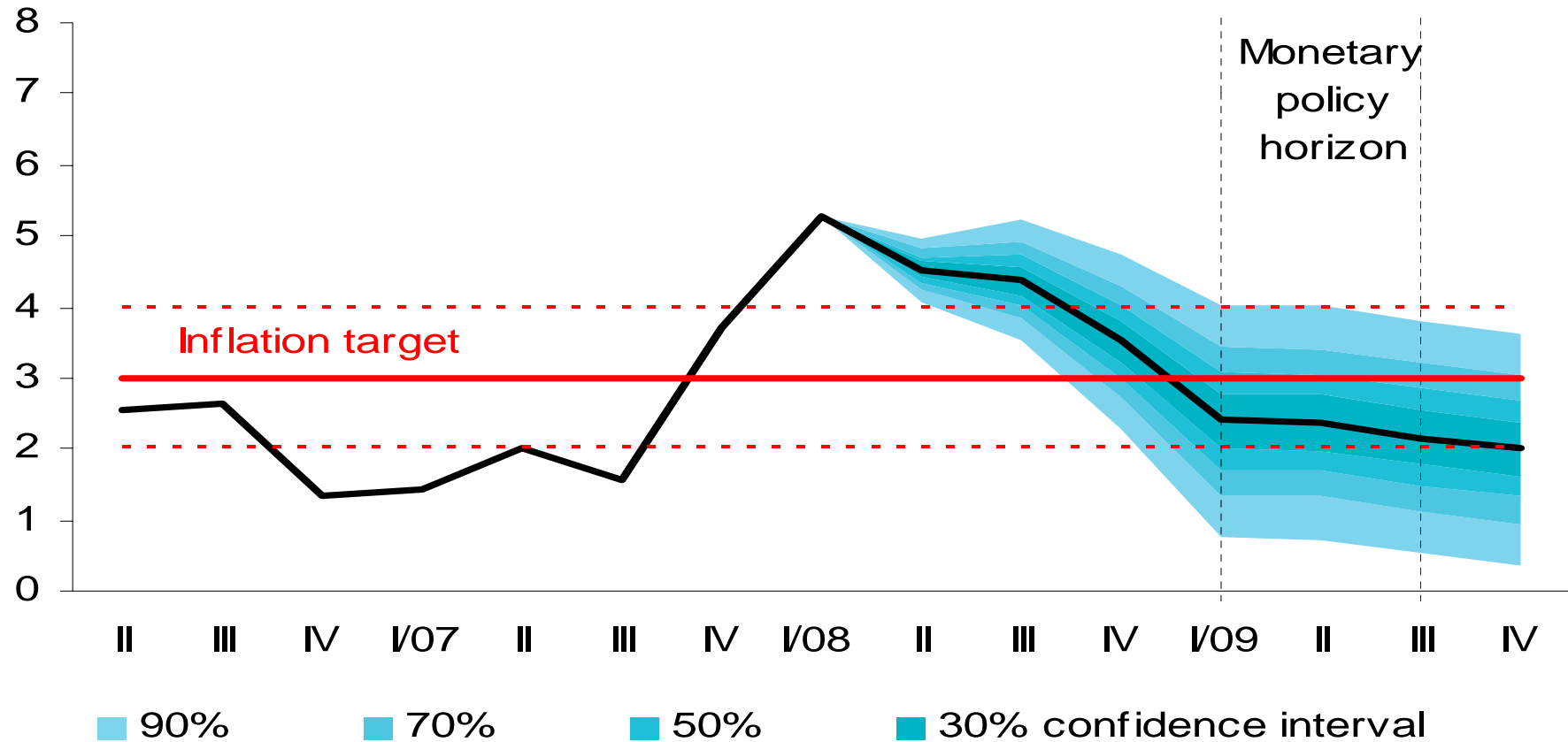
- Prices have levelled-off (or have started to fall);
- Optimistic harvest and future inventories estimates.

# Headline Inflation Forecast



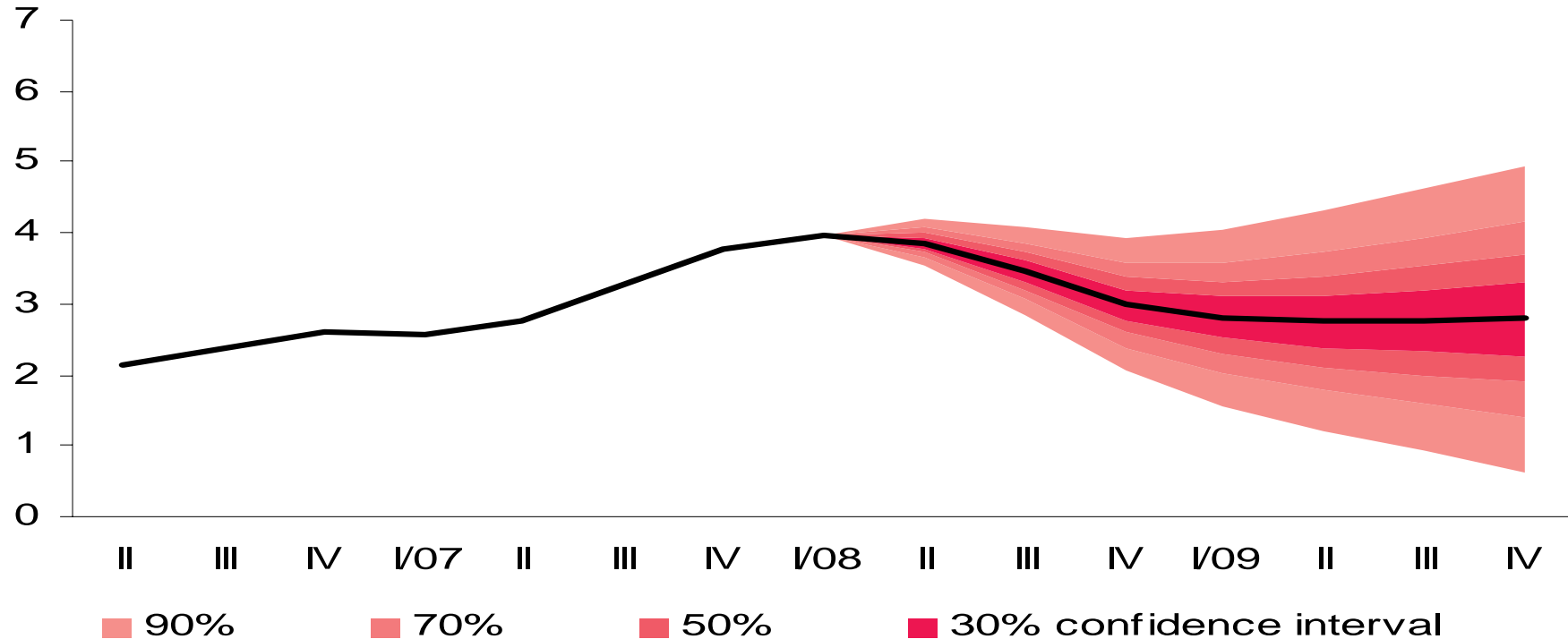
- Overall, the forecast has seen only subtle changes;
- Inflation slightly below the 3% target on the MP horizon.

# MP Inflation Forecast



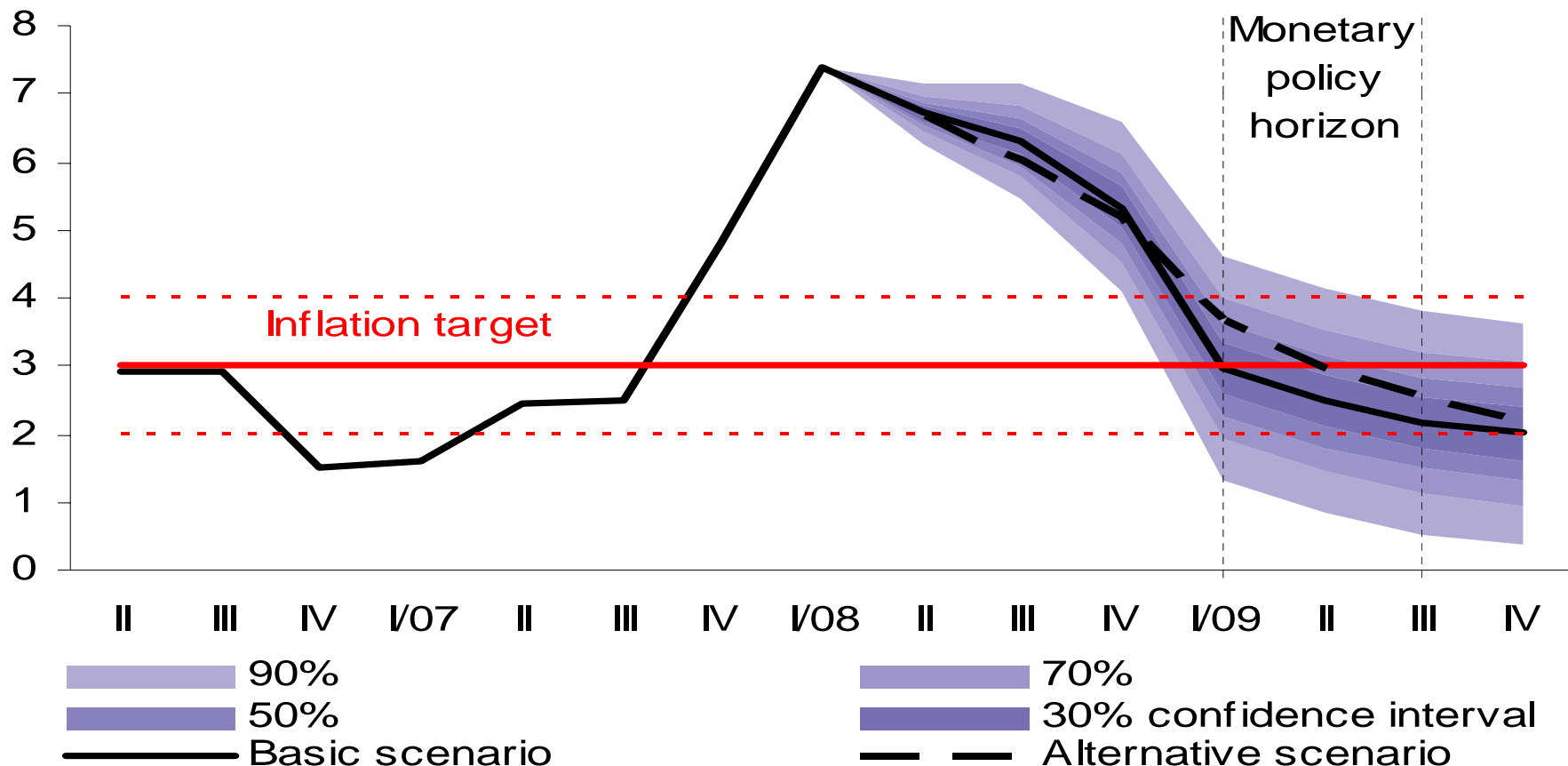
- The impact of tax changes will fade away in 2009.

# Interest Rate Forecast



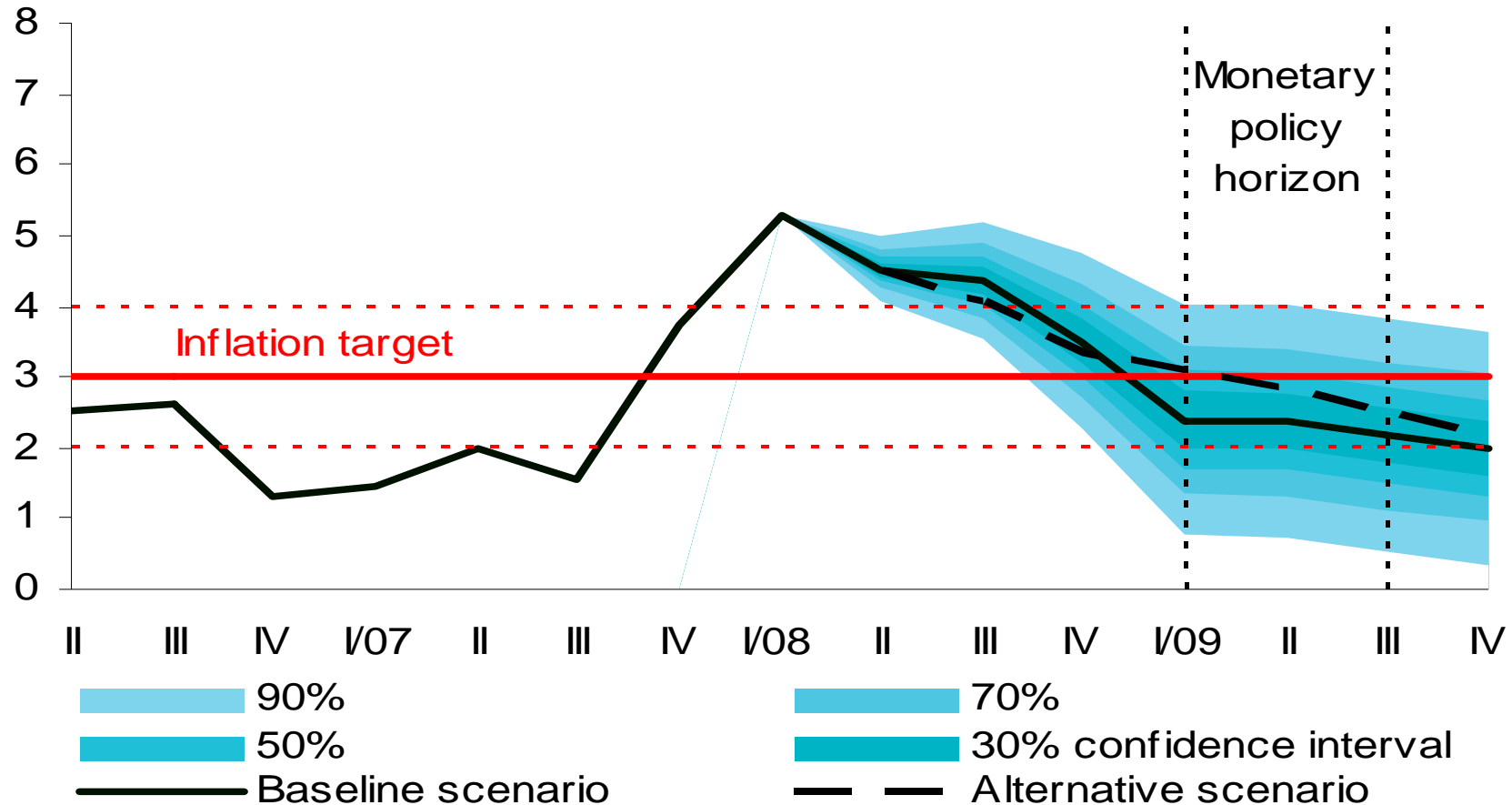
- Consistent with the forecast and its assumptions is broad stability in nominal interest rates initially, followed by a decline still in 2008 and stability in 2009.

# Headline Inflation – Alternative Scenario („g3“ model)



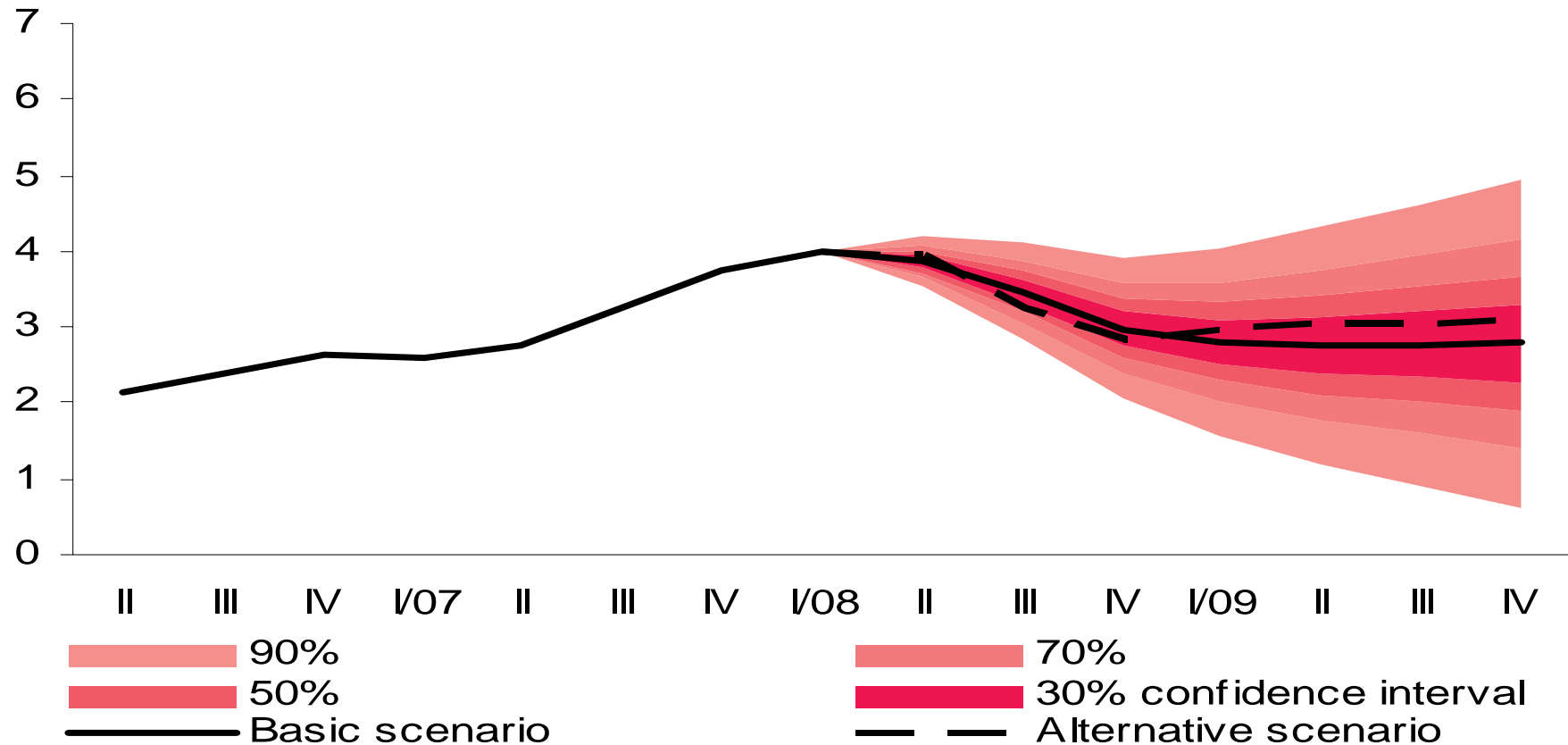
- Alternative scenario slightly higher on the MP horizon than the baseline, inflation close to the 3 % target.

# MP Inflation – Alternative Scenario



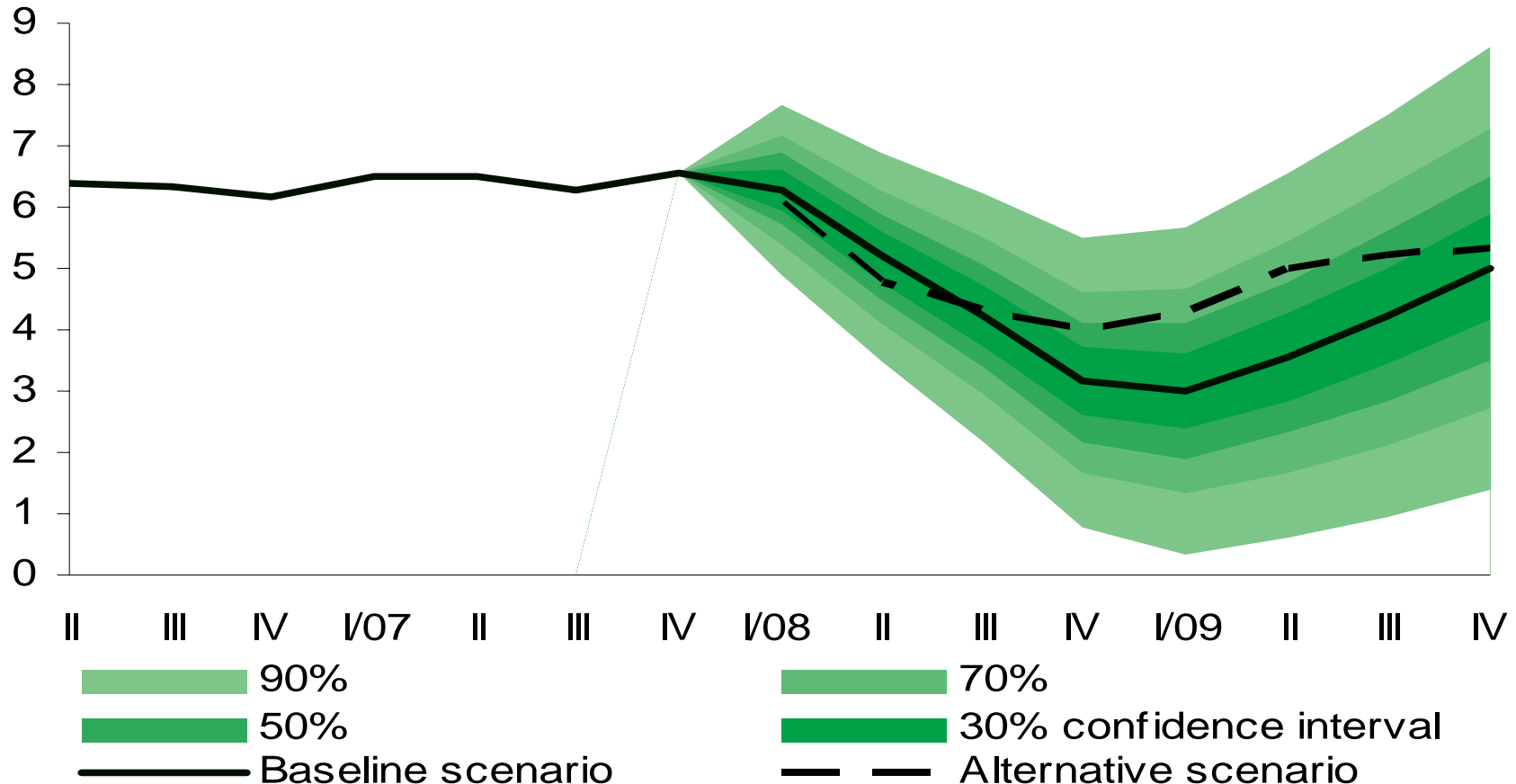
- MP inflation also close to the target.

# Interest Rate Forecast – Alternative Scenario



• The interest rate outlook is quite similar to the baseline.

# GDP Growth Forecast – Alternative Scenario



- The projected growth slow-down is less pronounced in the alternative scenario than in the baseline.



Thank you  
for your attention.

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